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(54) **LAMP DEVICE FOR A VEHICLE**

(56) **References Cited**

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

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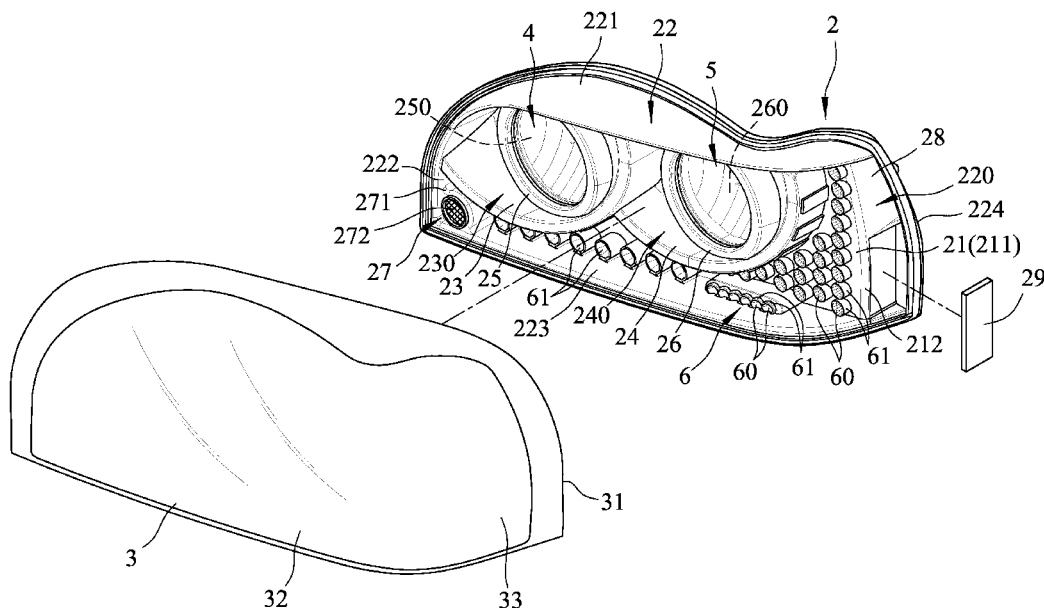
(51) **Int. Cl.**
B60Q 3/04 (2006.01)
B60Q 1/04 (2006.01)
B60Q 1/34 (2006.01)

A lamp device for a heavy duty vehicle includes a lamp housing unit having a base plate and a surrounding wall which cooperatively define an opening facing laterally, a light-transmissive lampshade cooperating with the base plate and the surrounding wall to define a chamber which is in communication with the opening, a low beam unit and a high beam unit mounted in the chamber, and a turning lamp unit including a plurality of turning lamps which are mounted on the base plate such that light emitted therefrom is visible through the opening.

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC .. **B60Q 1/04** (2013.01); **B60Q 1/34** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC . B60Q 1/18; B60Q 1/2607; B60Q 2300/142
USPC 362/543–546, 548, 549
See application file for complete search history.

9 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



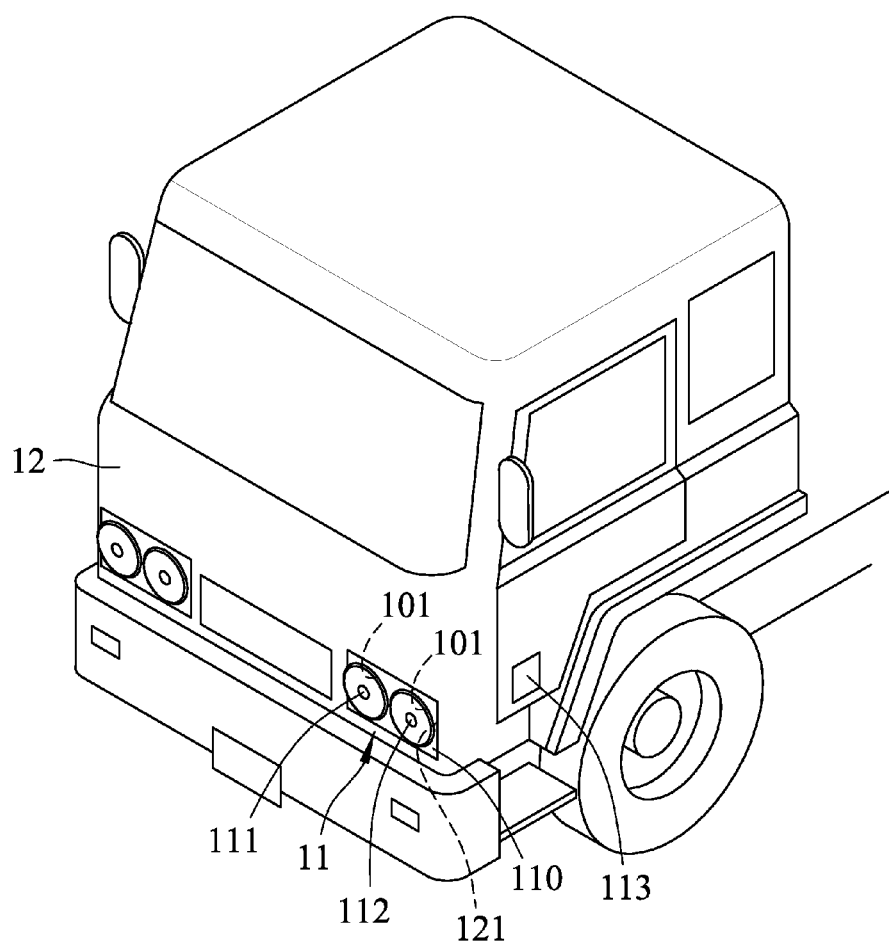


FIG.1
PRIOR ART

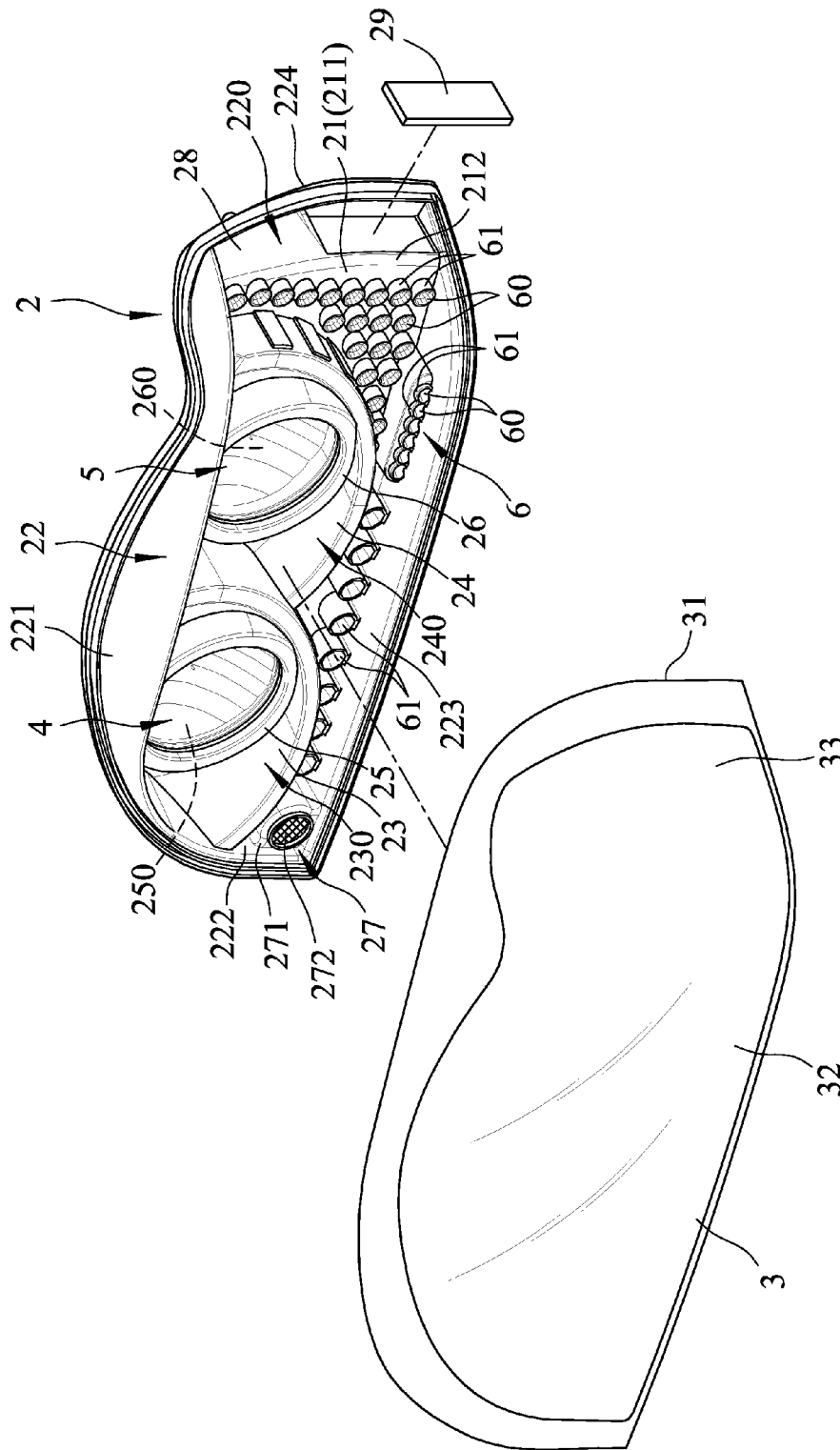


FIG. 2

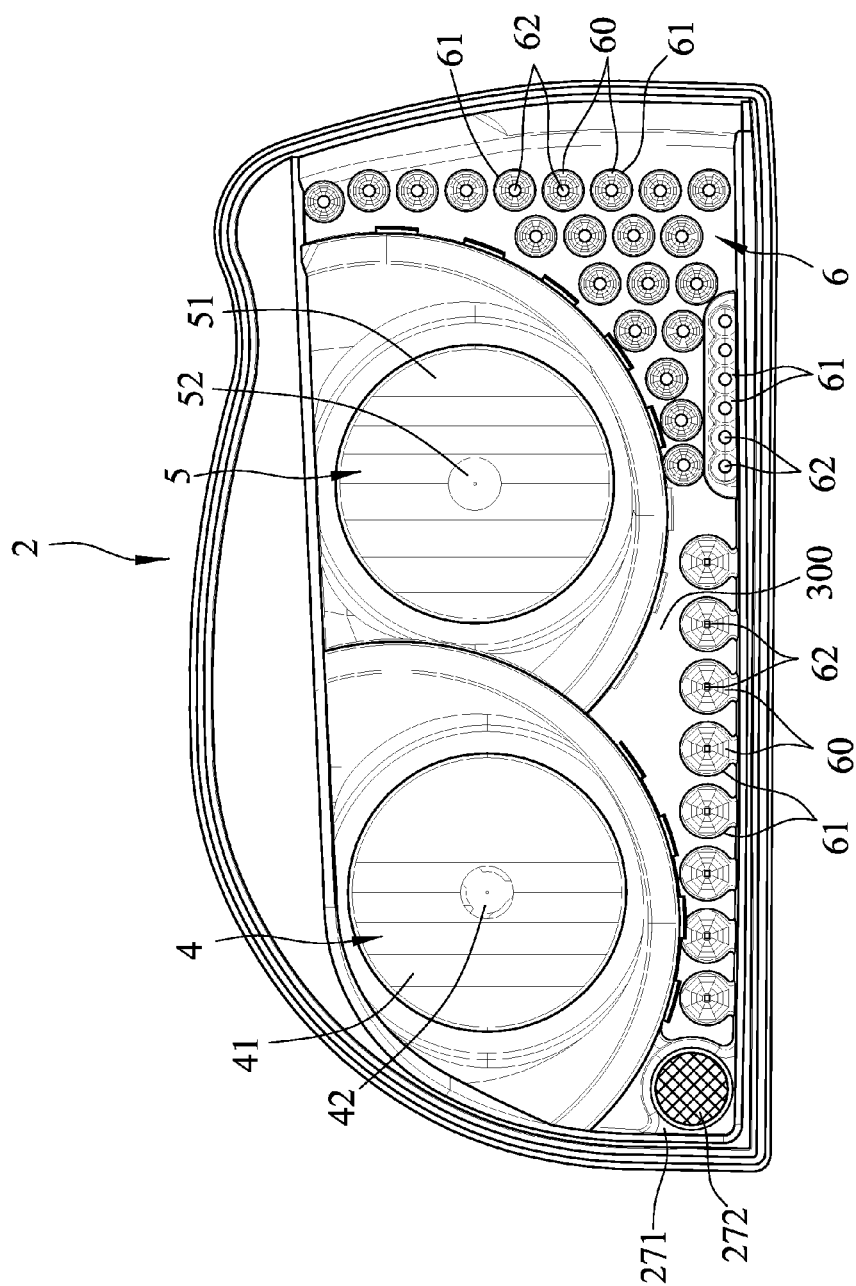


FIG. 3

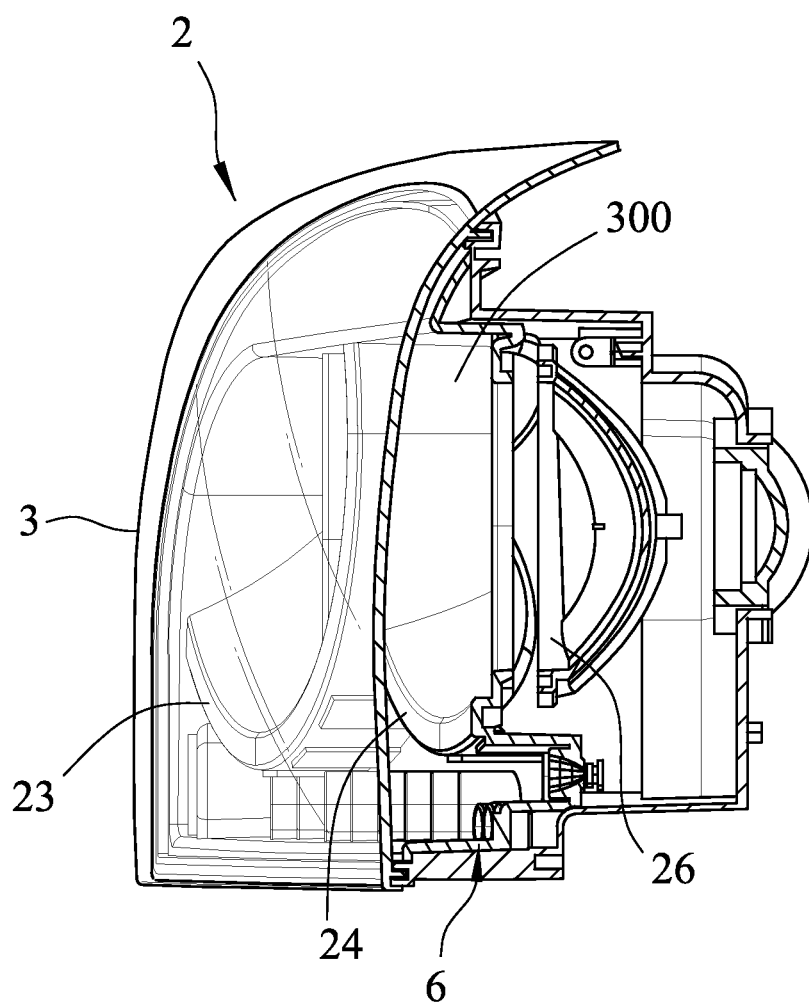


FIG.4

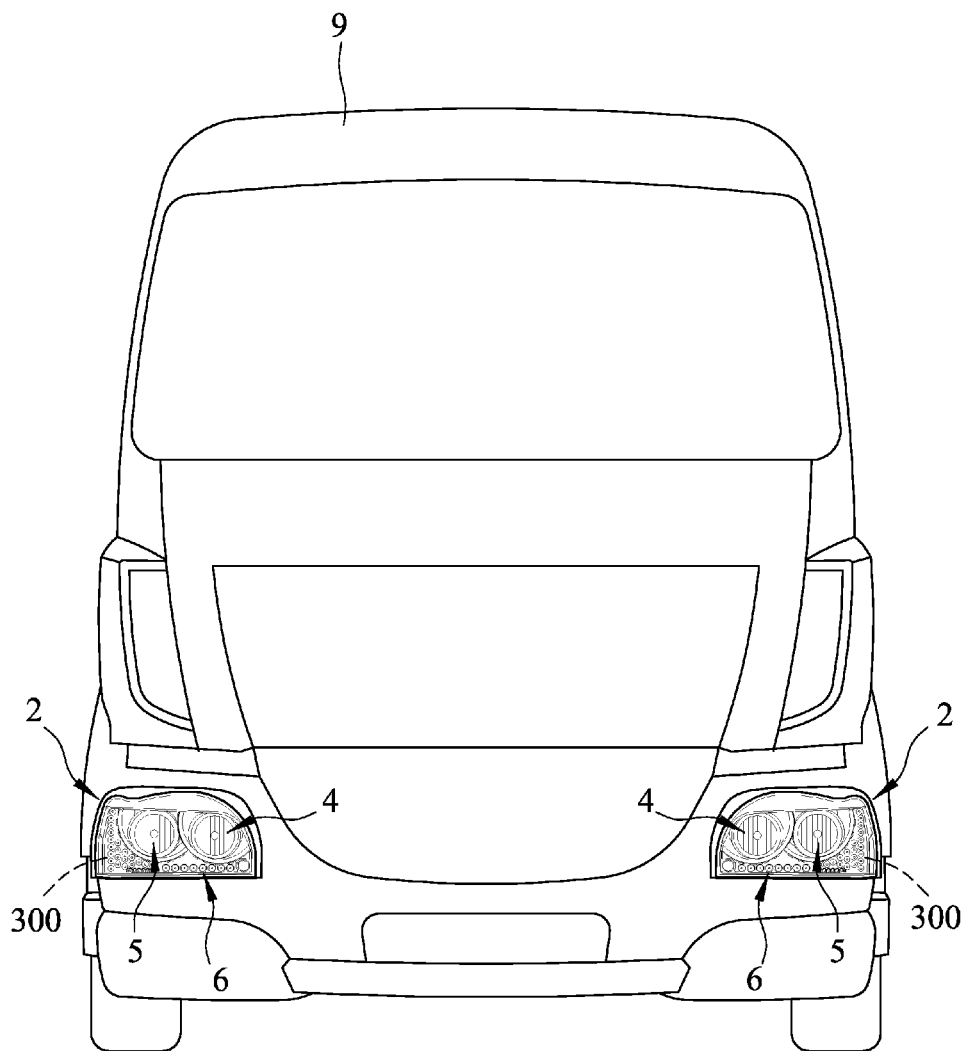


FIG.5

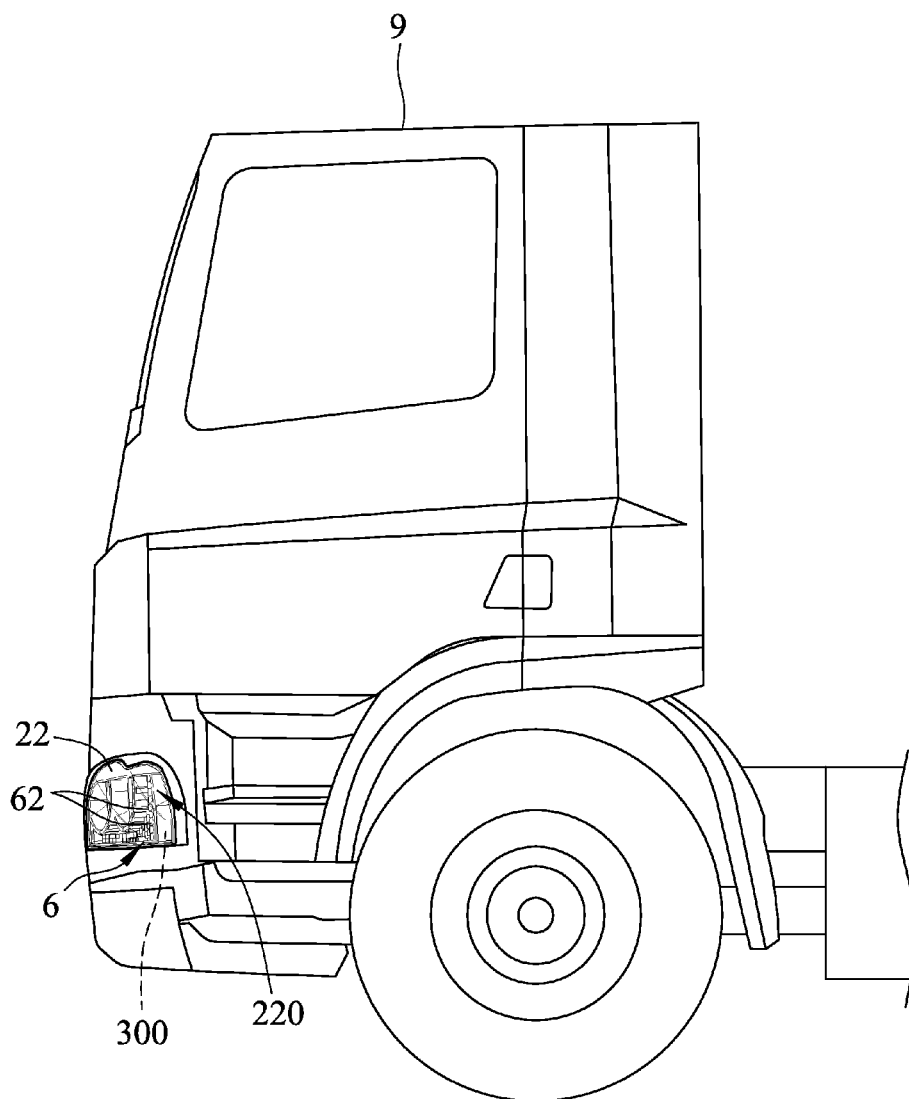


FIG.6

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LAMP DEVICE FOR A VEHICLE**FIELD**

This disclosure relates to a lamp device for a vehicle, more particularly to a lamp device for mounting on a heavy duty vehicle.

BACKGROUND

Referring to FIG. 1, a conventional lamp device **11** for a heavy duty vehicle **12**, such as a truck, a trailer, etc., is mounted on a mounting area **121** in a left or right side of a head of the vehicle **12**, and includes a lamp housing unit **110** which is disposed on the mounting area **121** and which defines two separate mounting areas **101** to respectively accommodate a headlight **111** and a first turning lamp **112**, and a second turning lamp **113** which is disposed on an outer side of the vehicle **12** and which is put on with the first turning lamp **113** for indicating a turning operation to other vehicles, such as vehicles at the side. Since the headlight **111** and the first turning lamp **112** are respectively mounted in the separate mounting areas **101**, light emitted from the headlight **111** and the first turning lamp **112** is limited in the individual areas **101** with limited lighting range thereof. Moreover, it is required to dispose the additional second turning lamps **113** to the heavy duty vehicle at two sides, which results in high manufacturing and replacing cost.

SUMMARY

An object of the present disclosure is to provide a lamp device which has a larger lighting range and which can indicate forwardly and laterally a turning operation to coming and lateral vehicles and passersby.

According to this disclosure, the lamp device includes a lamp housing unit, a light-transmissive lampshade, a low beam unit, a high beam unit, and a turning lamp unit. The lamp housing unit includes a base plate which has a front plate surface that faces forwardly and that extends in a transverse direction to terminate at a lateral edge, and a surrounding wall which surrounds a peripheral of the base plate and which has an outside wall portion that is disposed rearwardly of the lateral edge and that cooperates with the lateral edge to define an opening therebetween. The light-transmissive lampshade has a shade periphery which is connected to the surrounding wall, a front shade body which is disposed forwardly of and spaced apart from the front plate surface of the base plate to cooperatively define a chamber, and a side shade body which is disposed laterally of and spaced apart from the lateral edge of the base plate to shield the opening that is in communication with the chamber. The low beam unit is mounted on the lamp housing unit and in the chamber. The high beam unit is mounted on the lamp housing unit and in the chamber, and is spaced apart from the low beam unit. The turning lamp unit includes a plurality of turning lamps which are spaced apart from each other and which are mounted on the base plate such that light emitted therefrom is visible through the opening.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Other features and advantages of the present disclosure will become apparent in the following detailed description of the embodiment of the disclosure, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

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FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a conventional lamp device for a vehicle;

FIG. 2 is an exploded perspective view of an embodiment of a lamp device according to this disclosure;

FIG. 3 is a front view of the embodiment;

FIG. 4 is a sectional view of the embodiment;

FIG. 5 is a front view of a heavy duty vehicle employed with the lamp device of the embodiment; and

FIG. 6 is a fragmentary side view of a heavy duty vehicle employed with the lamp device of the embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENT

Referring to FIGS. 2 and 3, an embodiment of a lamp device according to the present disclosure is adapted to be mounted on a heavy duty vehicle, and is shown to comprise a lamp housing unit **2**, and a light-transmissive lampshade **3** covering the lamp housing unit **2**. On the lamp housing unit **2**, a low beam unit **4** and a high beam unit **5** are disposed and spaced apart from each other. A turning lamp unit **6** is disposed on the lamp housing unit **2**.

The lamp housing unit **2** includes a base plate **21** which has a front plate surface **211** that faces forwardly and that extends in a transverse direction to terminate at a lateral edge **212**, and a surrounding wall **22** which surrounds a peripheral of the base plate **21** and which has an outside wall portion **224** that is disposed rearwardly of the lateral edge **212** of the base plate **21** and that cooperates with the lateral edge **212** to define an opening **220** therebetween. The surrounding wall **22** further has upper and lower wall portions **221**, **223** which extend forwardly of the front plate surface **211** of the base plate **21** and which are opposite to each other in an upright direction, and an inside wall portion **222** which interconnects the upper and lower wall portions **221**, **223** and which is opposite to the outside wall portion **224** in the transverse direction.

Referring to FIGS. 2 and 4, the light-transmissive lampshade **3** has a shade periphery **31** which is connected to the surrounding wall **22**, a front shade body **32** which is disposed forwardly of and spaced apart from the front plate surface **211** of the base plate **21** to cooperatively define a chamber **300**, and a side shade body **33** which is disposed laterally of and spaced apart from the lateral edge **212** of the base plate **21** to shield the opening **220** that is in communication with the chamber **300**. In this embodiment, the lamp housing unit **2** further includes an extension plate **28** which extends rearwardly from the lateral edge **212** of the base plate **21**, and a side reflection member **29** which is attached to the extension plate **28** and which faces the opening **220**. The side reflection member **29** may be colored with visible color, such as red, yellow, etc.

Referring again to FIGS. 2 and 3, the lamp housing unit **2** further includes a first arcuate plate **23**, a second arcuate plate **24**, a first reflecting seat **25**, a second reflecting seat **26**, and a reflecting mechanism **27**. The first arcuate plate **23** is integrally formed with and extends forwardly from the front plate surface **211** of the base plate **21** to be disposed in the chamber **300**, and is spaced apart from the front shade body **32** of the lampshade **3**. The first arcuate plate **23** is configured to define a first receiving space **230**, and has two ends which are engaged with the upper wall portion **221** and the inside wall portion **222** of the surrounding wall **22**, respectively. The second arcuate plate **24** is integrally formed with and extends forwardly from the front plate surface **211** of the base plate **21** to be disposed in the chamber **300**, and is spaced apart from the front shade body **32** of the lampshade

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3. The second arcuate plate **24** is configured to define a second receiving space **240**, and has two ends which are engaged with the upper wall portion **221** of the surrounding wall **22** and the first arcuate plate **23**, respectively. The first reflecting seat **25** is disposed in the first receiving space **230**, and is integrally formed with and extends forwardly from the first arcuate plate **23**. The first reflecting seat **25** is configured to define a first mounting area **250**. The second reflecting seat **26** is disposed in the second receiving space **240**, and is integrally formed with and extends forwardly from the second arcuate plate **24**. The second reflecting seat **26** is configured to define a second mounting area **260**. The reflecting mechanism **27** is disposed on the base plate **21** and below the first arcuate plate **23**. The reflecting mechanism **27** includes an extension seat **271** which is integrally formed with and extends forwardly from the base plate **21**, and a front reflection member **272** which is disposed on the extending seat **271** and which faces forwardly. The front reflection member **272** has a micro-structure regularly distributed on a front surface thereof such that light emitted from a coming vehicle is diffused through the micro-structure so as to obtain attention of the coming vehicle.

As shown in FIGS. 2 and 4, the first arcuate plate **23**, the second arcuate plate **24**, the first reflecting seat **25**, and the second reflecting seat **26** are spaced apart from the front shade body **32** of the lampshade **3** such that the chamber **300** has an integral single space and is in communication with the opening **220**.

Referring to FIGS. 3 and 4, the low beam unit **4** and the high beam unit **5** are disposed in the first and second mounting areas **250**, **260**, respectively. The low beam unit **4** includes a first reflecting wall **41** which is disposed in the first mounting area **250** and which faces forwardly, and a first lamp **42** which is disposed on the first reflecting wall **41**. The high beam unit **5** includes a second reflecting wall **51** which is disposed in the second mounting area **260** and which faces forwardly, and a second lamp **52** which is disposed on the second reflecting wall **51**. The low beam unit **4** and the high beam unit **5** are disposed in the chamber **300** such that lighting emitted from any one of the first and second lamps **42**, **52** can spread over the chamber **300** and the opening **220** and a lighting range is not confined by the first reflecting seat **25** or the second reflecting seat **26**. Moreover, the first reflecting wall **41** may have a curve surface to reflect light emitted from the first lamp **42** to a certain direction. Also, the first reflecting seat **25** and the first arcuate plate **23** can reflect the light so as to increase the lighting range and guide the light. Similarly, the second reflecting wall **51**, the second reflecting seat **26** and the second arcuate plate **24** can reflect and guide light emitted from the second lamp **52**. It is noted that light emitted from the low beam unit **4** has a smaller included angle relative to a horizontal plane than that emitted from the high beam unit **5** so that the light emitted from the high beam unit **5** has a longer radiation distance than that emitted from the low beam unit **4**.

The turning lamp unit **6** includes a plurality of condensing seats **61** which are integrally formed with and extend forwardly from the base plate **21** and which are configured to define a plurality of accommodation areas **60**, respectively, and a plurality of turning lamps **62** which are spaced apart from one another and which are disposed respectively in the accommodation areas **60** such that light emitted therefrom is visible through the opening **220**. Light emitted from each of the turning lamps **62** is condensed by the respective condensing seat **61** to be more attractive. In this embodiment, the condensing seats **61** are arranged out-

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wardly of the first receiving space **230** of the first arcuate plate **23** and the second receiving space **240** of the second arcuate plate **24**. The turning lamps **62** are put on simultaneously to indicate a turning operation to other vehicles and passersby. The turning lamps **62** may be arranged to form together as a pointing sign, such as an arrowhead or the like.

Referring to FIG. 5 in combination with FIG. 3, a heavy duty vehicle **9** is employed with two lamp devices **2** of the embodiment. For each of the lamp devices **2** of the embodiment, light emitted from the low beam unit **4** and the high beam unit **5** can be guided and reflected by the first arcuate plate **23**, the second arcuate plate **24**, the first reflecting seat **25** and the second reflecting seat **26** such that the lighting range spreads over the chamber **300** and the opening **220**. Thus, the light emitted from the low beam unit **4** and the high beam unit **5** is clearly visible for the coming vehicles. Light emitted from the turning lamps **62** disposed in the chamber **300** can be clearly visible for the coming vehicles.

Referring to FIG. 6 in combination with FIG. 2, for each of the lamp devices **2** of the embodiment, by virtue of the opening **220** in communication with the chamber **300** and facing laterally, light emitted from the turning lamps **62** can emit through the opening **220** so as to be visible for lateral vehicles and passerby.

As illustrated, with the chamber **300** having an integral single space and in communication with the opening **220**, lighting from the low beam unit **4** and the high beam unit **5** can spread over the chamber **300** and the lighting range is not limited within the first and second mounting areas **250**, **260**. Moreover, the turning lamp unit **6** can emit light forwardly and laterally so as to indicate a turning operation to coming and lateral vehicles and passersby. Accordingly, additional turning lamps mounted on two sides of a vehicle are not required, which reduces a manufacturing cost of the lamp device.

While the present disclosure has been described in connection with what is considered the exemplary embodiment, it is understood that this disclosure is not limited to the disclosed embodiment but is intended to cover various arrangements included within the spirit and scope of the broadest interpretation so as to encompass all such modifications and equivalent arrangements.

What is claimed is:

1. A lamp device for being mounted on a heavy duty vehicle, comprising:

a lamp housing unit including a base plate which has a front plate surface that faces forwardly and that extends in a transverse direction to terminate at a lateral edge, and a surrounding wall which surrounds a peripheral of said base plate and which has an outside wall portion that is disposed rearwardly of said lateral edge and that cooperates with said lateral edge to define an opening therebetween;

a light-transmissive lampshade having a shade periphery which is connected to said surrounding wall, a front shade body which is disposed forwardly of and spaced apart from said front plate surface of said base plate to cooperatively define a chamber, and a side shade body which is disposed laterally of and spaced apart from said lateral edge of said base plate to shield said opening that is in communication with said chamber;

a low beam unit mounted on said lamp housing unit and in said chamber;

a high beam unit mounted on said lamp housing unit and in said chamber, and spaced apart from said low beam unit; and

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a turning lamp unit including a plurality of turning lamps which are spaced apart from each other and which are mounted on said base plate such that light emitted therefrom is visible through said opening;

said surrounding wall further having upper and lower wall portions which extend forwardly of said front plate surface of said base plate and which are opposite to each other in an upright direction, and an inside wall portion which interconnects said upper and lower wall portions and which is opposite to said outside wall portion in the transverse direction;

said lamp housing unit further including

a first arcuate plate which extends forwardly from said front plate surface of said base plate, which is disposed in said chamber, and which is spaced apart from said front shade body, said first arcuate plate being configured to define a first receiving space, and having two ends which are engaged with said upper wall portion and said inside wall portion of said surrounding wall, respectively,

a second arcuate plate which extends forwardly from said front plate surface of said base plate, which is disposed in said chamber, and which is spaced apart from said front shade body, said second arcuate plate being configured to define a second receiving space, and having two ends which are engaged with said upper wall portion of said surrounding wall and said first arcuate plate, respectively,

a first reflecting seat which is disposed in said first receiving space and which extends forwardly from said first arcuate plate, said first reflecting seat being configured to define a first mounting area, and

a second reflecting seat which is disposed in said second receiving space and which extends forwardly from said second arcuate plate, said second reflecting seat being configured to define a second mounting area;

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said low beam unit and said high beam unit being disposed in said first and second mounting areas, respectively.

2. The lamp device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said turning lamps are disposed outwardly of said first receiving space and said second receiving space.

3. The lamp device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said low beam unit includes a first reflecting wall which is disposed in said first mounting area and which faces forwardly, and a first lamp which is disposed on said first reflecting wall.

4. The lamp device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said high beam unit includes a second reflecting wall which is disposed in said second mounting area and which faces forwardly, and a second lamp which is disposed on said second reflecting wall.

5. The lamp device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said first arcuate plate and said second arcuate plate are integrally formed with and forwardly extend from said base plate.

6. The lamp device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said turning lamp unit further includes a plurality of condensing seats which extend forwardly from said base plate and which are configured to define a plurality of accommodation areas, respectively, said turning lamps being disposed respectively in said accommodation areas.

7. The lamp device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said lamp housing unit further includes a reflecting mechanism disposed on said base plate and below said first arcuate plate.

8. The lamp device as claimed in claim 7, wherein said reflecting mechanism includes an extension seat which extends forwardly from said base plate, and a front reflection member which is disposed on said extending seat and which faces forwardly.

9. The lamp device as claimed in claim 1, wherein said lamp housing unit further includes an extension plate which extends rearwardly from said lateral edge of said base plate, and a side reflection member which is attached to said extension plate and which faces said opening.

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